



Dear colleagues,

In order to leverage additional resources for the State's COVID-19 response, the Governor declared a state of emergency. At this time, there are no changes to our day-to-day responsibilities or hours of operation. **All State government buildings remain open, and operations will continue as normal.** Should there be any additional policies relating to COVID-19, such as the one issued last week, they will be distributed promptly and communicated to all state employees.

Below is a press release with the latest details about the State's COVID-19 response. We will continue to update state employees as the situation develops.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "B Smiley".

Brett Smiley  
Director  
R.I. Department of Administration



## GOVERNOR GINA M. RAIMONDO

**FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**

March 9, 2020

**CONTACT:**

Josh Block  
[Josh.Block@governor.ri.gov](mailto:Josh.Block@governor.ri.gov)  
401-222-8060

Joseph Wendelken  
[Joseph.Wendelken@health.ri.gov](mailto:Joseph.Wendelken@health.ri.gov)  
401-222-3998

Angelika Pellegrino  
[Angelika.Pellegrino@dlt.ri.gov](mailto:Angelika.Pellegrino@dlt.ri.gov)  
(401) 462-8090

### **Raimondo Declares State of Emergency in Response to COVID-19, Announces New Supports for Employers, Employees, and Nursing Homes**

**PROVIDENCE, R.I.-** Governor Gina M. Raimondo today signed a declaration creating a State of Emergency in Rhode Island, allowing the State to access additional resources to supplement its robust response to COVID-19. In addition, today the Governor, Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training (DLT), and Rhode Island Department of Health (RIDOH) announced a series of new COVID-19 preparedness and response measures to support employers, employees, and nursing homes throughout the state.

DLT is filing an emergency regulation to expand access to the Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Temporary Disability Insurance (TDI)/Temporary Caregiver Insurance (TCI) programs to better serve Rhode Islanders impacted by COVID-19. The emergency regulations will:

- Waive the seven-day waiting period for regular unemployment insurance claims and claims filed under the short-term compensation program (WorkShare).
- Waive the seven-day minimum amount of time that claimants must be out of work to qualify for TDI/TCI benefits.
- Waive the required medical certification for individuals under quarantine (and allow them, instead, to temporarily qualify via self-attestation that they were under quarantine as a result of COVID-19).

In addition, Governor Raimondo and Director of Health Nicole Alexander-Scott, MD, MPH announced a number of measures to keep nursing home residents safe. The aim of these measures is to keep sick people out of nursing homes, and to limit the possibility that a resident will contract COVID-19 while outside and bring that virus into the facility.

“Early data show that older adults are twice as likely to experience serious illness from COVID-19, and nursing home residents may be especially vulnerable,” said Dr. Alexander-Scott. “It is absolutely critical that people not enter nursing homes if they are sick or who have recently traveled to a place with widespread community COVID-19 transmission.”

Nursing homes are now:

- Limiting when visitors can enter,
- Not admitting visitors who are younger than 18 years of age,
- Only allowing residents to leave for medical appointments, and
- Actively screening visitors, staff, vendors, entertainers, and anyone else who enters for illness and recent travel history. (People who are ill or have traveled internationally in the last 14 days will not be allowed to visit.)

In special circumstances, exceptions can be made from this policy, given the importance of mental and emotional health to the overall wellness of older adults. Families should work with nursing home administrators regarding special circumstances. RIDOH is partnering with Rhode Island’s Long-Term Care Ombudsman, Kathy Heren, in supporting nursing homes.

#### Data updates

These data will be [updated regularly online \[r20.rs6.net\]](#):

- Number of Rhode Island COVID-19 positive (including presumptive positive) cases: 3
- Number of people who had negative test results at RIDOH’s State Health Laboratories: 53
- Number of people for whom tests are pending: 6
- Number of people who are currently instructed to self-quarantine in Rhode Island because they had direct contact with a person with COVID-19: approximately 290

Testing in Rhode Island is being done at RIDOH’s State Health Laboratories. Confirmatory testing is being done by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Positive results are considered ‘presumptive’ if they still need to be confirmed by the CDC.

#### General guidance

- If you have traveled anywhere internationally (or anywhere overnight in the U.S.) in the last 14 days, monitor yourself for symptoms of COVID-19. These symptoms include fever, cough, or shortness of breath.
- For people who have traveled to China, Iran, Italy, South Korea, or Japan, in addition to monitoring yourself for symptoms, self-quarantine for 14 days. That means do not go to work or school and stay at home.
- Whenever possible, avoid close personal contact with people in public. When greeting people avoid handshakes and hugs. [Additional guidance \[r20.rs6.net\]](#) is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

- Although Rhode Island has the testing capacity it needs, people without symptoms should not be tested for COVID-19. Testing individuals with no symptoms is not recommended by CDC.
- People who think they have COVID-19 should call their healthcare provider. These people should not go directly to a healthcare facility without first calling a healthcare provider (unless they are experiencing a medical emergency). Healthcare providers have a dedicated number that they are then using to consult with RIDOH on potential COVID-19 cases.
- Early data suggest that older adults are twice as likely to experience serious COVID-19 illness. RIDOH is reiterating CDC's guidance for people older than 60 years of age:
  - Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
  - Be sure you have over-the-counter medicines and medical supplies (tissues, etc.) to treat fever and other symptoms. Most people will be able to recover from COVID-19 at home.
  - Pay attention for potential COVID-19 symptoms including, fever, cough, and shortness of breath. If you feel like you are developing symptoms, call your doctor.
  - More information is [available from CDC \[r20.rs6.net\]](#).
- People with general questions about COVID-19 can visit [www.health.ri.gov/covid](http://www.health.ri.gov/covid) [\[r20.rs6.net\]](http://r20.rs6.net), write to [RIDOH.COVID19Questions@health.ri.gov](mailto:RIDOH.COVID19Questions@health.ri.gov), or call **401-222-8022**. **This is the COVID-19 Hotline** that RIDOH has available to the public. (After hours people are being directed to call 211.)
- Everyone can help stop the spread of viruses in Rhode Island.
  - Get your flu shot, and make sure the people around you do the same.
  - Wash your hands often throughout the day. Use warm water and soap. If soap and water are not available, use alcohol-based hand gel.
  - Cough or sneeze into your elbow. Viruses can spread by coughing or sneezing on other people or into your hands.
  - Stay home from work or school if you are sick.
  - Avoid touching your eyes, nose, or mouth. Germs spread this way.
  - Keep surfaces (especially bedside tables, surfaces in the bathroom, and toys for children) clean by wiping them down with a household disinfectant.

###